



(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations		(2) Sales and Related Occupations	
Registered Nurses	37%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	28%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6%	Retail Salespersons	24%
Pharmacy Technicians	5%	Cashiers	9%
Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%	Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	7%
Family and General Practitioners	3%	Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	5%
Physical Therapists	3%	First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%
Internists, General	2%	Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	5%
Pharmacists	2%	Sales Agents, Financial Services	5%
(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations		(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	
Customer Service Representatives	22%	Software Developers, Applications	23%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	13%	Computer Systems Analysts	11%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	9%	Computer User Support Specialists	10%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	8%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	10%
Medical Secretaries	6%	Information Technology Project Managers	8%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%	Information Security Analysts	7%
Office Clerks, General	4%	Web Developers	7%
Tellers	3%	Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	5%
(5) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations		(6) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	49%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	26%
Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	13%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	23%
Driver/Sales Workers	9%	Cooks, Restaurant	11%
1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	8%	Waiters and Waitresses	8%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	6%	Food Preparation Workers	7%
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%	Dishwashers	6%
Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	3%	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%
Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	2%	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	3%
(7) Management Occupations		(8) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	
General and Operations Managers	11%	Management Analysts	14%
Medical and Health Services Managers	10%	Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	13%
Sales Managers	9%	Accountants	12%
Marketing Managers	8%	Business Operations Specialists, All Other	8%
Food Service Managers	8%	Human Resources Specialists	6%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	8%	Auditors	5%
Managers, All Other	8%	Loan Officers	5%
Computer and Information Systems Managers	4%	Financial Analysts	5%
(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations		(10) Healthcare Support Occupations	
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	32%	Nursing Assistants	41%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	13%	Medical Assistants	28%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%	Home Health Aides	9%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	10%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	5%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%	Medical Equipment Preparers	3%
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%	Phlebotomists	3%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%	Dental Assistants	3%
Automotive Master Mechanics	3%	Physical Therapist Assistants	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: The information provided in this report is based on Help Wanted OnLine® (HWOL) data provided by The Conference Board. The series is compiled with Wanted Analytics software. Duplicate postings, third-party, staffing agency and anonymous employers are not included.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/asp/omj/hw.htm>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.

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