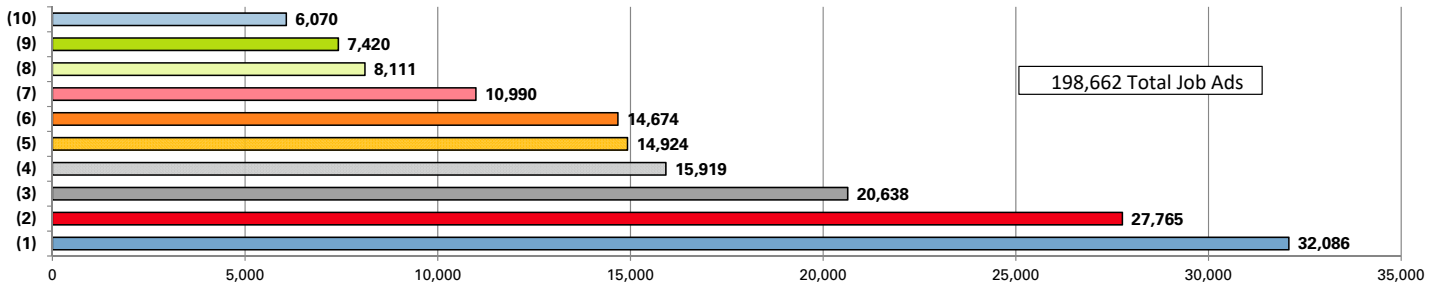


Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: March 2020



(1) Sales and Related Occupations	16%	(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	14%
Retail Salespersons	27%	Registered Nurses	45%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	24%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6%
Cashiers	8%	Pharmacy Technicians	4%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	8%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	4%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	6%	Family and General Practitioners	2%
Insurance Sales Agents	4%	Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	2%
Sales Agents, Financial Services	4%	Internists, General	2%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	4%	Physical Therapists	2%
(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	10%	(4) Computer and Mathematical Occupations	8%
Customer Service Representatives	27%	Software Developers, Applications	24%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	14%	Computer User Support Specialists	11%
Stock Clerks, Sales Floor	9%	Computer Systems Analysts	11%
Stock Clerks- Stockroom, Warehouse, or Storage Yard	9%	Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%
Medical Secretaries	5%	Information Technology Project Managers	8%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%	Web Developers	7%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	4%	Information Security Analysts	6%
Tellers	3%	Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	6%
(5) Management Occupations	8%	(6) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	7%
Sales Managers	10%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	28%
General and Operations Managers	10%	Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	25%
Food Service Managers	10%	Cooks, Restaurant	10%
Marketing Managers	9%	Food Preparation Workers	7%
Medical and Health Services Managers	9%	Waiters and Waitresses	7%
Managers, All Other	8%	Dishwashers	5%
Financial Managers, Branch or Department	7%	Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	4%
Human Resources Managers	5%	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	3%
(7) Business and Financial Operations Occupations	6%	(8) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	4%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	15%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	30%
Management Analysts	15%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	17%
Accountants	12%	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	13%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	7%	Driver/Sales Workers	13%
Human Resources Specialists	6%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	10%
Auditors	5%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	4%
Training and Development Specialists	5%	Cleaners of Vehicles and Equipment	3%
Loan Officers	5%	Parking Lot Attendants	2%
(9) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%	(10) Healthcare Support Occupations	3%
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	31%	Nursing Assistants	38%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	13%	Medical Assistants	28%
Automotive Specialty Technicians	13%	Home Health Aides	10%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	10%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	6%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%	Phlebotomists	5%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%	Medical Equipment Preparers	4%
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	4%	Dental Assistants	3%
Automotive Body and Related Repairers	2%	Massage Therapists	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to July 2019.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.