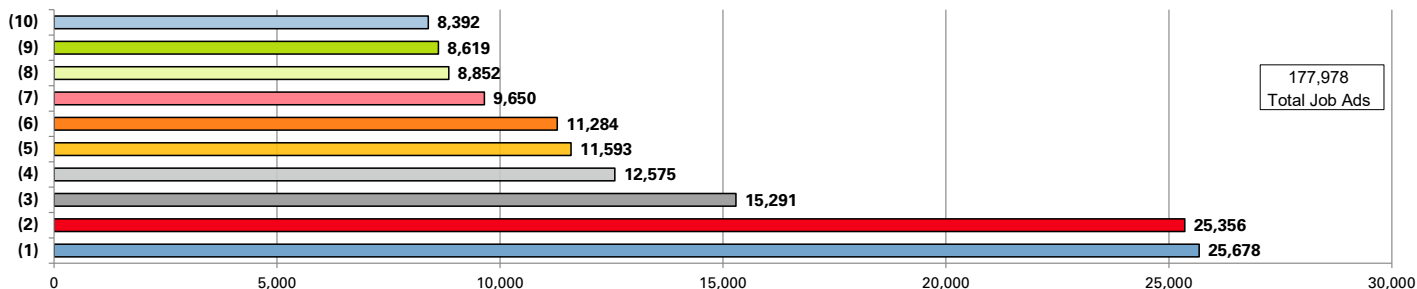


# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in Ohio: July 2023



<b>(1) Sales and Related Occupations 14%</b>		<b>(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations 14%</b>	
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	29%	Registered Nurses	38%
Retail Salespersons	25%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	7%
Cashiers	10%	Physicians and Surgeons, All Other	7%
Sales Representatives, Services, All Other	8%	Pharmacy Technicians	5%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	6%	Pharmacists	3%
First-Line Supervisors of Non-Retail Sales Workers	5%	Health Technologists and Technicians, All Other	3%
Sales Reps, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%	Family and General Practitioners	2%
Insurance Sales Agents	4%	Radiologic Technologists	2%
<b>(3) Office and Administrative Support Occupations 9%</b>		<b>(4) Management Occupations 7%</b>	
Customer Service Representatives	22%	Sales Managers	10%
Stock Clerks and Order Fillers	21%	Managers, All Other	10%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	14%	Medical and Health Services Managers	10%
Medical Secretaries	6%	General and Operations Managers	10%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	5%	Marketing Managers	7%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	5%	Financial Managers	7%
Office Clerks, General	3%	Food Service Managers	7%
Tellers	2%	Human Resources Managers	5%
<b>(5) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations 7%</b>		<b>(6) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations 6%</b>	
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	27%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	47%
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food	18%	Light Truck or Delivery Services Drivers	10%
Cooks, Restaurant	12%	1st-Line Supervisors of Transportation & Material-Moving Machine & Vehicle Operators	10%
Food Preparation Workers	9%	Driver/Sales Workers	8%
Waiters and Waitresses	9%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	5%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	5%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	5%
Dishwashers	5%	Bus Drivers, School or Special Client	4%
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%	Taxi Drivers and Chauffeurs	3%
<b>(7) Computer and Mathematical Occupations 5%</b>		<b>(8) Education, Training, and Library Occupations 5%</b>	
Software Developers, Applications	20%	Teacher Assistants	13%
Computer Occupations, All Other	17%	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	11%
Computer User Support Specialists	13%	Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	10%
Information Security Analysts	12%	Teachers and Instructors, All Other	9%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	9%	Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	8%
Computer Systems Analysts	9%	Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	8%
Operations Research Analysts	4%	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	8%
Web Developers	4%	Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	4%
<b>(9) Business and Financial Operations Occupations 5%</b>		<b>(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations 5%</b>	
Accountants and Auditors	24%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	34%
Business Operations Specialists, All Other	11%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	15%
Management Analysts	11%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	12%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	9%	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	11%
Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	5%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
Human Resources Specialists	5%	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	3%
Logisticians	4%	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	3%
Training and Development Specialists	4%	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to August 2022.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.



Department of  
Job and Family Services