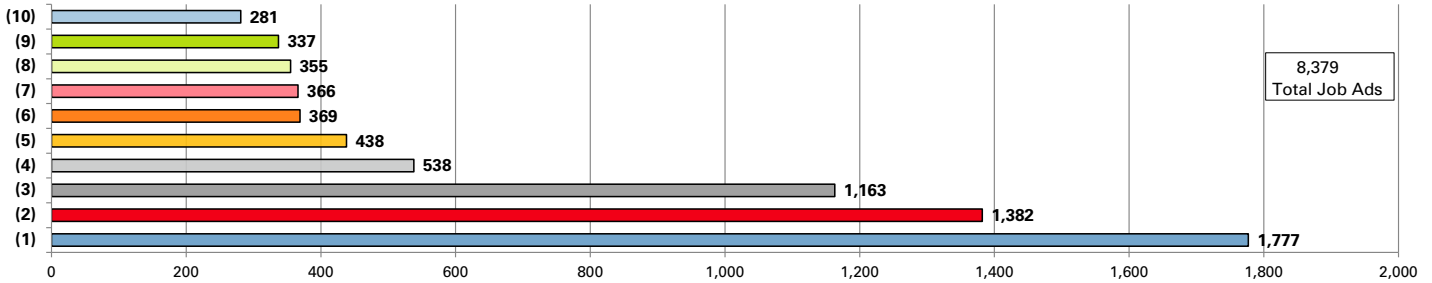




Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

OhioMeansJobs.com

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: July 2024



Occupational Category	Percentage	Occupational Category	Percentage
(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	21%	(2) Sales and Related Occupations	16%
Registered Nurses	32%	First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	36%
Physicians, All Other	10%	Retail Salespersons	33%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	8%	Cashiers	12%
Pharmacists	6%	Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Except Technical & Scientific Products	7%
Pharmacy Technicians	5%	Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	2%
Radiologic Technologists and Technicians	3%	Parts Salespersons	2%
Family Medicine Physicians	3%	Sales Reps of Svcs, Except Advertising, Insurance, Financial Svcs, & Travel	2%
Physical Therapists	3%	Demonstrators and Product Promoters	2%
(3) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	14%	(4) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	6%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	49%	First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	34%
Stockers and Order Fillers	21%	Fast Food and Counter Workers	19%
Light Truck Drivers	9%	Food Preparation Workers	13%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	6%	Waiters and Waitresses	10%
Driver/Sales Workers	5%	Cooks, Restaurant	9%
First-Line Supervisors of Material-Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators	4%	Dishwashers	4%
Bus Drivers, School	1%	Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	4%
Automotive and Watercraft Service Attendants	1%	Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	4%
(5) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	5%	(6) Healthcare Support Occupations	4%
Customer Service Representatives	40%	Personal Care Aides	34%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	12%	Nursing Assistants	27%
Tellers	9%	Medical Assistants	12%
New Accounts Clerks	8%	Home Health Aides	12%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	6%	Physical Therapist Assistants	4%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	5%	Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	4%
Medical Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	4%	Phlebotomists	4%
Shipping, Receiving, and Inventory Clerks	2%	Veterinary Assistants and Laboratory Animal Caretakers	2%
(7) Management Occupations	4%	(8) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%
Medical and Health Services Managers	25%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	37%
General and Operations Managers	16%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	14%
Food Service Managers	9%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	10%
Managers, All Other	6%	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	8%
Financial Managers	5%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	6%
Sales Managers	5%	Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	4%
Social and Community Service Managers	4%	Tire Repairers and Changers	4%
Human Resources Managers	4%	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	3%
(9) Production Occupations	4%	(10) Education, Training, and Library Occupations	3%
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	31%	Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	9%
Production Workers, All Other	17%	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	9%
Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	9%	Career/Technical Education Teachers, Postsecondary	7%
Machinists	4%	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	6%
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	4%	Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	6%
Helpers—Production Workers	4%	Teaching Assts., Pre, Elem., Middle, & Secondary School, Except Special Ed.	5%
Stationary Engineers and Boiler Operators	4%	Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	5%
Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers	4%	Engineering Teachers, Postsecondary	5%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron Gartner™, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to October 2023.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.