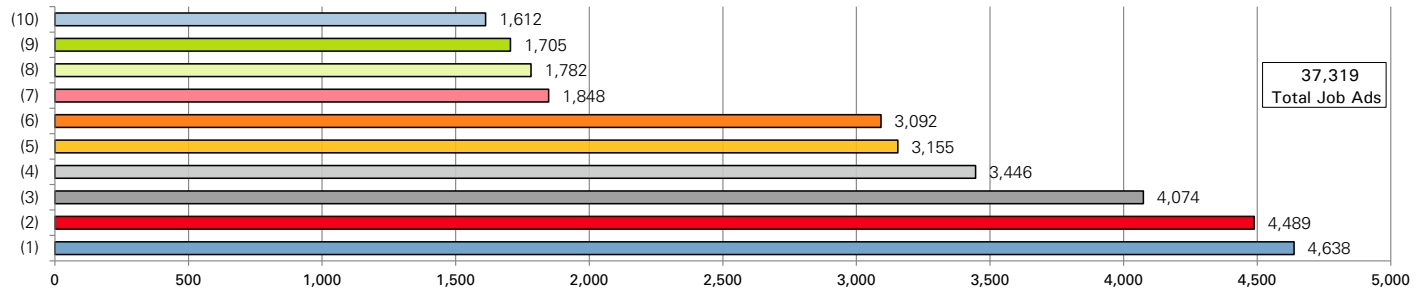




# Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

OhioMeansJobs.com

Top Jobs in the Central JobsOhio Network: September 2025



<b>(1) Sales and Related Occupations 12%</b>		<b>(2) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations 12%</b>	
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	25%	Registered Nurses	29%
Retail Salespersons	22%	Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	6%
Cashiers	10%	Pharmacy Technicians	6%
Sales Reps of Svcs, Except Advertising, Insurance, Financial Svcs, & Travel	8%	Nurse Practitioners	5%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	7%	Radiologic Technologists and Technicians	5%
Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	7%	Physicians, All Other	5%
Insurance Sales Agents	4%	Pharmacists	5%
Sales Engineers	4%	Speech-Language Pathologists	3%
<b>(3) Business and Financial Operations Occupations 11%</b>		<b>(4) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations 9%</b>	
Accountants and Auditors	18%	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	47%
Project Management Specialists	13%	Stockers and Order Fillers	20%
Management Analysts	12%	Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	7%
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	11%	Light Truck Drivers	7%
Compliance Officers	5%	Driver/Sales Workers	5%
Financial and Investment Analysts	5%	First-Line Supervisors of Material-Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators	4%
Logisticians	5%	Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	3%
Human Resources Specialists	4%	Bus Drivers, School	2%
<b>(5) Computer and Mathematical Occupations 8%</b>		<b>(6) Management Occupations 8%</b>	
Software Developers	25%	Construction Managers	16%
Computer Occupations, All Other	18%	Sales Managers	11%
Information Security Analysts	8%	Medical and Health Services Managers	10%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	8%	Financial Managers	9%
Data Scientists	7%	General and Operations Managers	6%
Database Architects	7%	Architectural and Engineering Managers	6%
Computer Network Architects	5%	Marketing Managers	5%
Computer User Support Specialists	4%	Computer and Information Systems Managers	5%
<b>(7) Office and Administrative Support Occupations 5%</b>		<b>(8) Education, Training, and Library Occupations 5%</b>	
Customer Service Representatives	26%	Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	29%
Medical Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	10%	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	8%
Shipping, Receiving, and Inventory Clerks	8%	Teaching Assts., Pre, Elem., Middle, & Secondary School, Except Special Ed.	6%
First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers	6%	Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	5%
Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks	6%	Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	4%
Office Clerks, General	6%	Special Education Teachers, Secondary School	4%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	6%	Teaching Assistants, Special Education	4%
Executive Secretaries and Executive Administrative Assistants	5%	Instructional Coordinators	4%
<b>(9) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations 5%</b>		<b>(10) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations 4%</b>	
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	30%	Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	41%
Fast Food and Counter Workers	20%	Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	8%
Food Preparation Workers	12%	First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	8%
Cooks, Restaurant	10%	Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics	6%
Waiters and Waitresses	10%	Industrial Machinery Mechanics	4%
Dishwashers	5%	Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Powerhouse, Substation, and Relay	4%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	4%	Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	4%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	3%	Automotive Body and Related Repairers	3%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to October 2023.

Reports for other areas or months are located at <http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings>.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.