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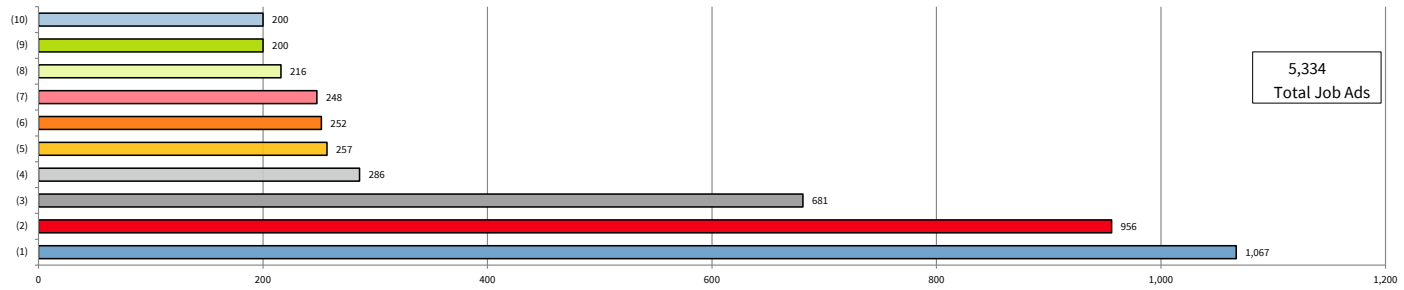
Online Job Postings—Occupational Focus

Top Jobs in the Southeast JobsOhio Network: July 2026



(1) Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	20%
Registered Nurses	22%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	10%
Physicians, All Other	8%
Pharmacists	8%
Pharmacy Technicians	5%
Nurse Practitioners	5%
Family Medicine Physicians	4%
Speech-Language Pathologists	4%
(3) Sales and Related Occupations	13%
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	28%
Retail Salespersons	25%
Cashiers	19%
Parts Salespersons	6%
Securities, Commodities, and Financial Services Sales Agents	5%
Sales Reps, Wholesale & Manufacturing, Technical and Scientific Products	4%
Sales Reps of Svcs, Except Advertising, Insurance, Financial Svcs, & Travel	3%
Demonstrators and Product Promoters	2%
(5) Education, Training, and Library Occupations	5%
Health Specialties Teachers, Postsecondary	13%
Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	9%
Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	9%
Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	7%
Nursing Instructors and Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
Special Education Teachers, Secondary School	5%
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	5%
Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary	5%
(7) Healthcare Support Occupations	5%
Personal Care Aides	34%
Nursing Assistants	18%
Home Health Aides	15%
Medical Assistants	13%
Physical Therapist Assistants	7%
Phlebotomists	4%
Healthcare Support Workers, All Other	4%
Occupational Therapy Assistants	2%
(9) Architecture and Engineering Occupations	4%
Mechanical Engineers	21%
Industrial Engineers	21%
Civil Engineers	18%
Health and Safety Engineers, Except Mining Safety Engineers and Inspectors	13%
Electrical Engineers	10%
Electrical and Electronic Engineering Technologists and Technicians	4%
Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters, All Other	3%
Industrial Engineering Technologists and Technicians	2%

(2) Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	18%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	61%
Stockers and Order Fillers	14%
Light Truck Drivers	9%
Driver/Sales Workers	8%
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	2%
Bus Drivers, School	1%
First-Line Supervisors of Material-Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators	1%
Refuse and Recyclable Material Collectors	1%
(4) Office and Administrative Support Occupations	5%
Customer Service Representatives	31%
Tellers	15%
Medical Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	9%
New Accounts Clerks	7%
Production, Planning, and Expediting Clerks	6%
Office Clerks, General	5%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	4%
Shipping, Receiving, and Inventory Clerks	3%
(6) Management Occupations	5%
Sales Managers	13%
Medical and Health Services Managers	12%
General and Operations Managers	10%
Industrial Production Managers	9%
Education Administrators, Kindergarten through Secondary	8%
Financial Managers	8%
Transportation, Storage, and Distribution Managers	7%
Human Resources Managers	6%
(8) Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	4%
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	35%
Bus and Truck Mechanics and Diesel Engine Specialists	12%
Industrial Machinery Mechanics	10%
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	8%
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	8%
Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	4%
Electrical Power-Line Installers and Repairers	3%
Electrical and Electronics Repairers, Powerhouse, Substation, and Relay	3%
(10) Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	4%
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	33%
Fast Food and Counter Workers	27%
Food Preparation Workers	16%
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	13%
Waiters and Waitresses	3%
Cooks, Restaurant	3%
Dishwashers	2%
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	2%

EDITOR'S NOTE: This report is based on data provided by TalentNeuron, a global research and advisory company. Through this partnership, new data sources and improved methodologies are available to better understand occupational demand over time. This reflects a change from the methodology used to produce these reports prior to October 2023.

Reports for other areas or months are located at http://ohiolmi.com/home/JobPostings.

This information is a snapshot in time and may not represent long-term trends. Any of this data, including historical reports, may vary slightly over time, as minor revisions are continually made to this live database. Some ads may be in two or more occupation codes and may be counted more than once. This information should be used in conjunction with local labor market information to analyze current occupational demand.

This data has not been seasonally adjusted. Sometimes seasonal adjustment is used to remove fluctuations in unemployment and labor force trends that normally occur with changes in the season. Seasonal variation in employment occurs for natural and institutional reasons, including reduced employment involving outdoor activities during winter, changes in labor force and unemployment levels with opening and closing of schools, and layoffs during the automobile model changeover period. Seasonal variations can also affect the number of online job ads, so over the year it will affect the data in this report.